

## Quiz 2a

Answer all questions and make your presentation clear and clean. Each question carries 10 marks.

1. Let  $D$  be the region in the first quadrant bounded by  $xy = 1$ ,  $xy = 16$ ,  $y = 4x$ ,  $y = 9x$ .

Evaluate

$$\iint_D \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{1/3} dA.$$

$$u = xy \in [1, 16]$$

$$v = y/x \in [4, 9]$$

$$\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ -y/x^2 & 1/x \end{vmatrix} = \frac{2y}{x} = 2v, \quad \therefore \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} = \frac{1}{2v}.$$

$$\text{Integral} = \int_1^{16} \int_4^9 v^{1/3} \frac{1}{2v} dv du = \int_1^{16} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-2/3} v^{1/3} \Big|_4^9 du = \frac{45}{2} (9^{1/3} - 4^{1/3}) \#$$

2. Evaluate the line integral

$$\int_C xy \, ds$$

where  $C$  is the line segment between  $(0, 0, 1)$  and  $(-1, 2, 3)$ .

$\vec{r}(t) = (0, 0, 1) + t[-1, 2, 3] - (0, 0, 1) = (-t, 2t, 2t+1)$  describe the line,  $t \in [0, 1]$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = (-1, 2, 2) \quad |\vec{r}'(t)| = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$$\therefore \text{line integral} = \int_0^1 (-t)(2t) 3 \, dt = -2 \#$$

3. Find the circulation and flux of the vector field

$$\mathbf{F} = xi + xyj$$

around and across the unit circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  in anticlockwise way.

$\vec{r}(t) = \cos t \hat{i} + \sin t \hat{j}$ ,  $t \in [0, 2\pi]$  describe the circle.

$$\vec{r}'(t) = -\sin t \hat{i} + \cos t \hat{j}$$

$$\therefore \text{circulation} = \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} (\cos t \hat{i} + \cos t \sin t \hat{j}) \cdot (-\sin t \hat{i} + \cos t \hat{j}) \, dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} (-\cos t \sin t + \cos^2 t \sin t) \, dt = 0.$$

$$\text{flux} = \oint_C N dx + M dy = \int_0^{2\pi} [-\cos t \sin t (-\sin t) + \cos t \cos t] \, dt$$

$$= \pi.$$

## Quiz 2b

Answer all questions and make your presentation clear and clean. Each question carries 10 marks.

1. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^3 \int_{y=x^2+1}^{y=x^2+4} \sqrt{y-x^2} dy dx,$$

making use of the change of variables formula.

Let  $u=x, v=y-x^2 \in [1, 4]$ .  $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -2x & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Integral} &= \int_0^3 \int_1^4 \sqrt{v} \cdot 1 \cdot dv du \\ &= 14. \end{aligned}$$

2. Find the mass of the wire described by  $x = 3 \cos t, y = 3 \sin t, z = 4t, t \in [0, \pi]$ , with density  $\delta = 2z$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{r}(t) &= (3 \cos t, 3 \sin t, 4t) \\ \vec{r}'(t) &= (-3 \sin t, 3 \cos t, 4) \\ |\vec{r}'(t)| &= \sqrt{9+16} = \sqrt{25} = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{mass} = \int_0^\pi 2 \times 4t \times 5 dt = 20\pi.$$

3. Find the work done of the vector field  $-y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j}$  in moving a particle clockwise once around the unit circle in the  $xy$ -plane.

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{r}(t) &= (\cos t, \sin t), t \in [0, 2\pi] \text{ anticlockwise.} \\ \vec{r}'(t) &= (-\sin t, \cos t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Work} = \int_0^{2\pi} (-\sin t, \cos t) \cdot (-\sin t, \cos t) dt = 2\pi$$

For clockwise direction, work done is  $-2\pi$  #